National Health Service Corps

Eighteen communities throughout the nation have been provisionally selected on a pilot basis as the first to be served by the National Health Service Corps. These communities have been identified as areas with a critical shortage of health manpower and, depending on the success of recruiting efforts, Corps personnel will be assigned to them late in 1971.

The National Health Service Corps, established pursuant to Public Law 89-623, authorizes assignment of commissioned officers and civil service personnel of the Public Health Service to areas of the United States where health services are inadequate because of critical manpower shortages. The Act authorizes the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare to designate critical areas on the basis of such criteria as ratio of physicians to population, number and type of health personnel other than physicians, availability and accessibility of health facilities, and health status indicators.

Physicians, dentists, and nurses as well as physician assistants, physical therapists, optometrists, psychologists, and pharmacists may be assigned, depending on the area's needs and the types of health personnel available locally. The intent is to assign, as far as possible, health teams of varying size rather than individual practitioners to provide health services tailored to the specific needs of the target community.

For the first year the new HSMHA program is authorized 660 positions for the nation; therefore only communities qualifying as critical areas will receive assistance.

Communities with a critical shortage of health personnel or persons interested in joining the Corps can obtain further information by writing to National Health Service Corps, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, Md. 20852.

Cover—The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, Health Services and Mental Health Administration, has conducted X-ray examinations on approximately 50,000 underground coal miners. The continuing medical examination program, designed to detect the presence of "black lung" disease among miners, is a major requirement of the Federal Coal Mine Health and Safety Act. The program is conducted by the Irstitute's Appalachian Laboratory for Occupational Respiratory Disease.





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U.S. Department of Health,

Education, and Welfare Elliot L. Richardson, Secretary Merlin K. DuVal, Jr., M.D., As-sistant Secretary for Health and Scientific Affairs Health Services and Mental

Health Administration Dr. Vernon E. Wilson, Admin-

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